# How to Own Website Accounts Using Weibo Single Sign-On Vulnerabilities

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#### Introduction

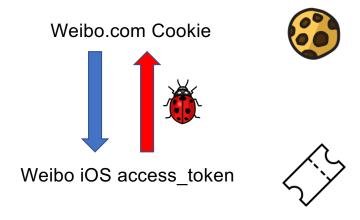
- 1. Websites are increasingly interconnected with each other.
  - For example, "log into Reddit using your Google account".
- 2. Relying on identity providers (IdP) can be both beneficial and risky for a relying party (RP).
- 3. The security of IdPs' SSO implementations has not been fully studied. We decided to study Weibo, the largest microblogging website in China.



#### Weibo OAuth 2.0

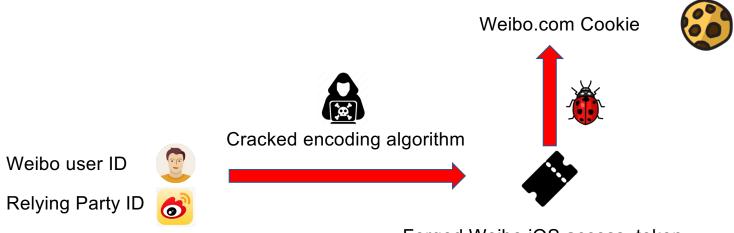
- 1. Using Weibo OAuth 2.0, a Weibo user can authenticate to other relying parties (RP).
- 2. Weibo did some ad-hoc modifications to its OAuth 2.0 system.
  - E.g. Weibo iOS client is itself a relying party (RP) with special privileges.
  - E.g. There was an API to exchange Weibo iOS client's access\_token for cookies of multiple domains including weibo.com

# Weibo OAuth 2.0



# **Our findings**

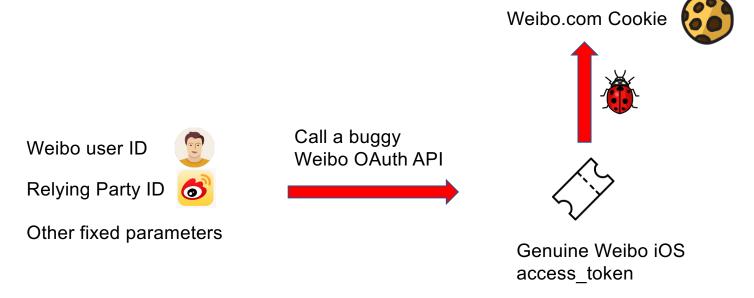
1. A remote attacker could forge Weibo's OAuth 2.0 access token for any user/RP pairs.



Forged Weibo iOS access\_token

# **Our findings**

2. A remote attacker could leverage a special combination of HTTP parameters to obtain genuine OAuth 2.0 access tokens for any user/RP pairs.



### **Our findings**

- 3. As a result, an attacker could get cookies of weibo.com and spoof any Weibo users.
- 4. Finally, the attacker could log into any relying parties such as Taobao and Zhihu. Zhihu is the "Chinese equivalent of Quora", and Taobao is a famous Chinese shopping site. They are with Alexa rankings around 10.

#### **Root Cause of the Vulnerabilities**

- 1. Maintaining access\_token states can be costly for large-scale SSO systems, so they might encode user/RP information directly in the access\_token to save efforts, using encoding algorithms vulnerable to cryptanalysis.
- 2. OAuth APIs might be full of logic bugs in the real world because of huge software complexity.
- 3. Sina Weibo did not design or implement its credential management system in a secure manner.

#### **Conclusions**

- 1. Large-scale SSO systems are hard to design correctly, costly to maintain, may be overwhelmed with logic bugs, and must be handled with extra carefulness.
- 2. All the bugs have been fixed by Weibo.

# Any Questions? Thank you!